MAY 7, 1767. THE NUMBER 833.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the lateſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

LONDON, *Feb.* 10.

WHATEVER is the deſign of the preſent naval armament, we may conclude that our Miniſtry intend to ſupport the honour and dignity of this nation with foreign Powers, by not ſuffering them to trifle or violate their engagements; for it is a certain truth that vigorous meaſures are the only ſteps we can take with reſpect to our neighbours on the continent, who regard treaties no longer than they ſuit their intereſt, of which we have had ſundry inſtances, both in our own and former times: But as our preſent ſpirited Miniſters ſeem reſolved that juſtice ſhall take place, we have the greateſt reaſon to expect that the Spaniards, Portugueſe, and Dutch, will dread the arms, and tremble at the reſentment, of Great Britain.

It is ſaid a great man has lately argued upon the abſolute neceſſity of preventing the emigration of Britiſh ſubjects to the American colonies.

Thurſday died (as was ſuppoſed) Mrs. Margaret Carpenter, journeywoman to Mrs. Smith, livery lace maker, in Little Queen ſtreet, Lincoln's Inn Fields, and on Friday ſhe was properly laid out in order to be interred yeſterday; when in the night, to the aſtoniſhment and terrour of the whole family, ſhe came down ſtairs ſtark naked, having only been in a trance. As ſoon as this ſurpriſe was over, they put her into a warm bed, and gave her comfortable things for her refreſhment: She ſaid ſhe was bitter cold, but her ſituation ſo ſhocked her that it is almoſt impoſſible for her to recover.

We are informed that all our men of war, laid up for the future in any of the dock yards in this kingdom, will be ſecured from the rain and weather by being roofed over, as is done in Holland, which will prevent their planks and timber from rotting.

An extra number of riggers were on Thurſday laſt taken into pay at Portſmouth.

Two new frigates of war, pierced for 36 guns, arrived at Toulon, the 29th of December, from Genoa, where one ſhip of 64 guns, and another of 60, were nearly completed, for the ſervice of France.

Feb. 11. Monday ſome deſpatches, ſaid to be of great importance, were ſent off from the Secretary of State's office, to his Excellency Sir Henry Moore, Governour of New York.

Feb. 12. The preſent military preparations attract the attention of many people; and the knowing ones in St. James's ſtreet, who pretend to be in the ſecret, have laid bets of three hundred guineas to one that they are deſigned for North America, and not to Portugal.

Feb. 14. A great perſonage, we are well aſſured, intends as ſtrenuouſly to ſupport the intereſt of America this winter as he maintained it laſt ſeſſion of Parliament.

Diſagreeable advices are ſaid to be arriving almoſt daily from America.

Great wagers are held that the Government will comply with ſome articles in a certain petition, ſaid to be lately received from New York.

The Miniſtry, we are told, intend ſhortly to make a free port of Penſacola; a meaſure of that nature being judged extremly ſalutary, by thoſe who are beſt acquainted with the commerce of America.

Letters from Madrid mention that the late movements of the Spaniſh troops were only occaſioned by ſhifting their ſeveral garriſons, which is done once a year, thoſe on the ſea coaſt being relieved by others from the inland provinces.

It is aſſured that the garriſon of Gibraltar is at preſent in ſo good a poſture of defence that nothing is to be feared from any enterpriſe that can be made againſt it, either by ſea or land.

Within theſe few days ſeveral veſſels, laden with foreign corn, have arrived in the river.

A morning paper ſays that a noble Lord who has appeared in many publick ſtations, with the greateſt credit, has lately declined going abroad, in a character of the greateſt conſequence; excuſing himſelf with an apology to this purport, that until the premiers at home were in perfect unanimity, he could not expect any good conſequences from his negotiations.

Feb. 16. An evening paper of Saturday laſt ſays that orders are deſpatched to Gibraltar for the Governour to fix a boom chain acroſs that harbour, as information has been received that the Spaniards intend to attack that place. Whether there is any truth in this alarming report, a ſhort time will probably diſcover.

It is now given out, but for what purpoſe we know not, that the articles in the papers relative to the fleets fitting out to viſit America and Portugal are entirely without foundation, as no other than the uſual neceſſary repairs, &c. are making in the dock yards, and the ſhips fitting out are only intended to be in readineſs to relieve thoſe on different foreign ſtations.

Friday ſeveral agents for the American colonies had a conference with the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Conway, on affairs of importance.

It is thought that an act will be paſſed, this ſeſſions, to allow paper currency to the Engliſh colonies in North America and the Weſt Indies.

We hear that the abſence and ſevere indiſpoſition of a patriot Nobleman has not prevented him from ſtudying many things for the good of his country, to whoſe intereſt he is ever attentive; particularly that, in order to leſſen the national debt, he has formed a plan which will eaſe the people, and at the ſame time encreaſe the revenue, the ſubſtance of which is ſaid to be as follows:

Firſt, That a commiſſion is to be eſtabliſhed, by legiſlative authority, with power to inquire by oath into the abuſes of collecting and managing every branch of the Publick Revenue, as well as the Civil Liſt. To examine into the ſupernumerary and uſeleſs offices, as well as exorbitant ſalaries and extorted fees. To look into the bills of the lower officers of the Houſehold, of the Builders, Stationers, Gardeners, with all the ravenous crew. To ſearch into the penſions, and the pretences for granting them; and, in ſhort, into every part of the expenſe of the Civil Liſt, except his Majeſty's privy purſe, and lay this inquiry before the Parliament in the ſucceeding ſeſſions, with the heads under which they conceive a regulation of the expenſe may be made.

Secondly, That it ſhall be made high treaſon for any perſon to pay, or any Member of Parliament to receive, in truſt or otherwiſe, any penſion, ſum of money, or other gratuity from the Crown, unleſs it be entered in the publick office, with the reaſons for granting it, to which office every one may have admittance; and that an inquiry is to be made into all preſent penſions, and ſuch as cannot ſtand that teſt to be returned. Theſe are things truly worthy of ſuch a patriot, and will prove that the principles of the Peer are the ſame with thoſe of the Great Commoner.

Monday laſt a Lady, in one of the weſtern counties, ran off with a young tanner, of the ſame place, to Scotland, in order to ſettle a ſmall matter of buſineſs with him in that kingdom, which the oppoſition of the young tradeſman's friends rendered abſolutely unnegotiable here. The youthful adventurer is a Quaker; but as what he has done has doubtleſs been upon proper impulſes of the ſpirit, the happieſt effects are hoped from a conſummation.

Feb. 17. It is aſſerted that no apprehenſions were entertained of any hoſtile deſigns of the Spaniards, when the laſt deſpatches were received from General Irwin, Governour of Gibraltar.

But by a letter from thence there is advice that a large body of Spaniſh troops had lately arrived in the neighbourhood of Malaga, where they had formed an encampment.

Feb. 19. A letter from Warſaw, dated Jan. 18th, ſays: "Two Ruſſian cavaliers arrived here expreſs, as couriers, laſt Monday; ſince which we learn that the Empreſs their ſovereign is ſeriouſly and invariably determined to enforce the declarations made at the laſt Diet in favour of the Proteſtants; and that her Imperial Majeſty has, in conſequence, agreed and reſolved upon the neceſſary arrangements with the Courts of Berlin, London, and Copenhagen."

Feb. 21. It is now ſaid that General Monckton goes to North America, as Governour of the province of New York and Quebec, and Commander in Chief of the troops in North America.

The contradiction of the ſhips now fitting being deſtined on ſome expedition, is, we are told, AMERS contradiction; for that a fleet is to be commanded by three Admirals (Pococke, Geary, and Palliſer, are ſaid to be the Gentlemen) and will attend Mr. Lyttleton to the Tagus, whatever may be its after deſtination.

It is ſaid that the troops in North America will be drawn from the different parts of the country, and quartered in the neighbourhood of Boſton and New York.

"Your Lordſhip may ſay what you will, (ſaid a perſon of diſtinction to a noble Earl at his table, this week) but though my Lord Chatham's opponents are very numerous, yet, take my word for it, that as ſoon as he comes to town, and makes his perſonal appearance in the political and miniſterial world, his enemies will be glad to hide their heads where they can beſt conceal themſelves from his reſentment."

Feb. 23. Friday laſt ſeveral of the Colony Agents attended the Board of Trade and Plantations.

Letters from Stockholm adviſe that the French Miniſtry have lately promiſed the Court of Sweden to pay off all arrears due to that Crown on account of the ſubſidies, provided that, inſtead of land forces, Sweden ſhall keep in readineſs for the ſervice of France a certain number of ſhips of war, properly fitted for ſea, the whole to be at the expenſe of his Chriſtian Majeſty.

Feb. 24. Laſt week three ſhips laden with corn, from America, arrived at Exeter, which reduced the price eighteen pence per quarter.

The 15th of laſt month a regiment of Spaniſh troops, from Andaluſia, arrived at St. Rocque, near Gibraltar, to relieve part of the garriſon; as did alſo 100 galley ſlaves from St. Sebaſtian's, to be employed on the fortifications. It is added that a perfect good underſtanding ſubſiſts between the Engliſh and Spaniards.

They write from Gibraltar that the new battery on the Red Sands was finiſhed, on which were mounted 24 pieces of heavy cannon, entirely commanding the whole bay.

We hear that this morning the Right Hon. the Earl of Strathmore will be married to Miſs Bowes of Durham, the greateſt heireſs in Europe; her preſent fortune is one million and 40,000 l. beſides a large jointure on the death of her mother, and a large eſtate on the demiſe of an uncle.

A correſpondent at Paris, after expatiating on the numberleſs misfortunes that happen here by fire, to the ruin of many individuals, obſerves, "If the uſe of wainſcotting became leſs general, and tapeſtry or paper hangings were to be adopted in its room, fires might not only be leſs frequent, but alſo leſs ſwift in its deſtruction; as, in the courſe of two years, there has been only one fire in that large and populous city, and that only at the wing of a tallow chandler's, which, by their peculiar method of extinguiſhing fires, and the houſe being hung as above, did very little damage. The method they uſe is this: They fill a great number of large tubs with river water, which are inſtantly conveyed to the unfortunate ſpot, and poured out ſo plentifully as to ſtop its progreſs, and immediately extinguiſh it."

Feb. 25. A manifeſto is juſt publiſhed in Corſica, earneſtly exhorting the people to take all poſſible meaſures for continuing the war with ardour, in the firm perſuaſion that it will terminate happily, by the total expulſion of all their enemies. "The good cauſe which we maintain (ſays the manifeſto) the weakneſs of our enemies, our courage animated by the love of the country, and above all the Divine aſſiſtance, which has been already ſo ſenſibly manifeſted toward us, aſſure us ſucceſs in our enterpriſes."

The circulation of Portugal gold is ſoon expected to be as plentiful in this kingdom as during part of the late war, in conſequence of ſome commercial arrangements recently concluded with the Court of Liſbon.

A conſiderable dealer in horſes has received orders from abroad to buy up eight hundred Engliſh hunters, not leſs than ſixteen hands, to be ſhipped over to Germany.

A few days ago one Toby Chant, an old clotheſman, found fifty moidores ſewed up in the waiſtband lining of a pair of breeches.

Sunday laſt the huntſman belonging to the Brentford hunt brought to the kennel that day two couple of hounds which were ſtrangers to the pack. In the night they quarrelled; the huntſman hearing them, went to the kennel in his ſhirt, when the hounds immediately fell upon him, and tore him in ſuch a manner that he died ſoon after.

Yeſterday two ſtout young fellows, both paviours, who were employed in paving the High ſtreet in the Borough, quarrelled about their workmanſhip, on which a ſevere battle enſued; they fought near twenty three minutes in the open ſtreet, and, by blows and falls, were both terribly bruiſed. They were parted, and conveyed to an alehouſe, both of them almoſt ſpeechleſs.

It was this morning reported that a memorial of a very intereſting nature is preparing to be deſpatched to the Miniſter at the Hague.

This morning an expreſs was ſent from the Admiralty Office to the Commiſſioners of Plymouth dock.

Several thouſand cartouch boxes, made of cork, are ordered to be got ready to be ſhipped for the Eaſt Indies.

Notwithſtanding the various and contradictory accounts in the morning papers of Lord Chatham, we are informed, on inquiry, that his Lordſhip ſtill continues ſo ill of the gout that he is as yet incapable of proſecuting his journey to town.

They write from Jamaica that the Spaniards were cutting down ſeveral thouſand cedar, mohogany, and walnut trees, in the iſland of Cuba, to be ſent to Cadiz, Ferrol, and Carthagena, for the uſe of his Catholick Majeſty's magazines and dock yards.

We hear from Leghorn that about the middle of laſt month there were above two hundred veſſels in that port with cargoes of corn, amounting to 800,000 ſacks, Leghorn meaſure.

According to private advices from Leghorn, it is ſaid that a fruitleſs attempt had lately been made on the life of Paoli, General of Corſica.

Feb. 27. This day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, with the uſual ſtate, and gave his aſſent to

The bill to puniſh mutiny and deſertion.

The bill to continue for a further limited time the free importation of wheat, and wheat meal, from any part of Europe; and to diſcontinue the duties on barley, barley meal, and pulſe, imported for a limited time.

The bill to diſcontinue the duties payable on tallow, hogs lard, and greaſe, imported for a limited time.

The bill to diſſolve the marriage of John Stott, Eſq; from Anne his wife, to enable him to marry again, and for other purpoſes.

The bill to build a bridge over the river Thames, from Swynford in Oxfordſhire, to the oppoſite ſhore.

And alſo to ſeveral road, encloſure, and naturalization bills.

This morning an expreſs was ſent off to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices of Ireland, and it is ſaid that ſome troops on that eſtabliſhment are ſoon to go to North America.

They write from the Hague, that ſome important deſpatches had juſt been ſent off to the Governour of Curacoa.

There is a talk that his Serene Highneſs Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick will come over here in May next, on a viſit to our Court.

They write from Glaſgow that ſeveral veſſels, laden with corn, were arrived in the Clyde from Bolton and Philadelphia.

We hear that the Proteſtants in Upper Sileſia have got leave from the Empreſs Queen to remove out of that province, upon condition that they go and ſettle in ſome part of Hungary.

The conſumption of malt in England, by brewers, diſtillers, and innholders, is computed to be, upon an average, 3,275,000 quarters annually.

Tueſday a woman bought an old chair at a broker's, and upon ripping the top off, to have it new covered, found concealed in one corner twenty one guineas, all Q. Anne's coin, and a bank note value 200, both tied up in a convas bag; ſhe gave for the chair eighteen pence. She has a large family to maintain.

They write from Perth that as ſome labourers were ſinking a well near Abernethy, in Scotland, they diſcovered two urns, containing ſeveral pieces of antique ſilver coin, and from their inſcriptions it appeared that that place had formerly been a Roman ſtation.

Letters from Marſeilles, to a Gentleman in the neighbourhood of Newcaſtle, informs that 70 ſail of ſhips had arrived at Leghorn from America about 10 days before, loaded with wheat, and 25 at that place; and it was generally believed abroad that all the Engliſh ſhips there, amounting to a great number, would get in their full loadings in a very ſhort time.

By letters from Civita Vecchia, there is advice of ſeveral American corn ſhips having juſt arrived there, by which the publick granaries of the Eccleſiaſtical State will be greatly repleniſhed.

A private letter from Amſterdam mentions that large quantities of ammunition and warlike ſtores are now ſhipping in the Texel, on board four Dutch tranſports for Surinam, and that a re-enforcement of troops was to be embarked in the ſaid ſhips for the above colony.

It is ſaid to be a known fact that the Dutch are now ſhipping over immenſe quantities of warlike ſtores for the iſlands of Curacoa and St. Euſtatia, in the Weſt Indies.

Two new ſhips of war, of 74 guns each, are put upon the ſtocks at Chatham.

His Majeſty's ſhip Romney was put into commiſſion on Monday laſt; it is ſaid ſhe is deſtined for America.

Laſt week a young girl, daughter of a ſhepherd, near Ainſty, in the county of Hertford, was delivered of a baſtard child, which ſhe has ſince ſworn to her father.

NEWCASTLE, *Feb.* 21. Yeſterday ſe'nnight a moſt ſhocking murder was perpetrated at Harrington, near Lambton, by a woman on her huſband, as he was ſitting by his fire ſide; ſhe having perceived him ſleeping, came behind him with an axe, and ſtruck him on one ſide of his neck with all her force, and cut through his gullet: Upon which he immediately ſtarted up, with all the horrour and pangs of a dying perſon; but ſhe repeated the blow, and clove him on one ſide of his head, which brought him to the ground, and he expired directly. The woman is ſince committed to Durham gaol, but is ſaid to have been out of her reaſon ſome time.

From Pelford we hear that a young fellow, a blackſmith, having courted the daughter of a widow, who keeps a farm at Beal, near Haggerſton, going one day to her houſe to aſk for his ſweetheart, found no one at home but the old woman, who, one his aſking for her daughter, told him ſhe was not at home; but aſked him, to what purpoſe was his courting her daughter, for ſhe could not bring him above twenty pounds? And, if he would pleaſe her, ſhe would wiſh him to one with 500 l. On which he replied he would ever with gratitude acknowledge the favour. Then I am the perſon, ſays ſhe, if you will accept the offer. On which a bargain was ſtruck immediately, and on Tueſday ſe'nnight they were married at Kilo. The bridegroom is only eighteen years of age, and the bride ſixty four.

NEW YORK, *April* 23.

Friday the Earl of Halifax packet, Captain Boulderſon, arrived here from Falmouth, in 6 weeks. He has brought no later news than what was inſerted in our laſt; but, by private letters, we learn that the regiments deſtined for America from England and Ireland are the 10th, Sandford's; 16th, Brudenell's; the 18th, or Royal Iriſh, Seabright's; and the 16th, or Cameronians, Scott's; and they are to relieve the 17th, 27th, 42d, and 46th, now on American duty. That it was currently reported in London a plan for ſettling American affairs was laid; and though it might at firſt be diſagreeable to the inhabitants of the Weſtern world, it certainly would be carried into execution, and that it was generally believed the permiſſion would be obtained this ſeſſion of Parliament for emitting bills of credit this year in this province. We likewiſe learn there will be ſome new regulations in the Poſt Offices in America.

The Britannia, Captain Richards, mentioned in our laſt to be caſt away on Long Iſland, being a ſtrong ſhip, by the laſt accounts, was yet whole, and it is imagined moſt of the cargo would be ſaved, though greatly damaged.

Extract of letter from a Gentleman in London, *to his friend in this city.*

"Such a cloud appears gathering over your province, ſince the arrival of your Aſſembly's reſolutions, that we fear your publick affairs may be in a ſtate of confuſion; we therefore thought it would be very imprudent to riſk our friends, or our own property, at ſuch a critical juncture, and for that reaſon purpoſe ſhipping their goods to Philadelphia, per the Phœbe, Captain Davidſon, who will depart in about a week. We hope our friends will approve this meaſure, and the more ſo as we have taken the extraordinary charge on ourſelves, to prevent their diſappointment. We ſhall be exceedingly obliged to you, Sir, for your ſentiments on the ſtate of your publick affairs, and your opinion how far it is probable commerce may receive any interruption, together with any other information, by the earlieſt opportunity."

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 23.

Extract of a letter from London *to a Gentleman in this city, dated* February 12, 1767.

"I am informed that the Miniſtry do not intend to take into conſideration the ſupplying the colonies with paper currency, unleſs ſtrongly urged to it by the American merchants. They, indeed, in conſequence of the importunity of their friends and correſpondents in the colonies, have had ſeveral meetings and conſultations about it, which have ended in a very partial regard to their own ſecurity, without the leaſt conſideration of thoſe who reſide in the colonies, whoſe property may be injured by the depreciation of the paper money. The repreſentation they agreed to make, and recommend to the Miniſtry, was to this effect, viz. To repeal the late act of Parliament of the fourth of his preſent Majeſty, but with the addition of a clauſe, by which it is declared "That paper bills of credit ſhall *not* be a legal tender for "the payment of any ſterling debts or contracts whatſo-"ever already made, or to be made, by or with, or in "the name and behalf of, any perſon or perſons *reſiding* "*in the kingdom of Great Britain*," with other reſtrictions, &c. From hence you may ſee, ſhould this ſcheme take place, that in ſome of the colonies ſuch quantities of paper money might be iſſued as would greatly depreciate the value; which, they all have the liberty of doing, provided the Engliſh merchants are made ſecure of receiving the full value of their ſterling contracts, without the leaſt regard to debts of the ſame value contracted among ourſelves.

"With this propoſal a committee of merchants, a few days ſince, waited upon the Miniſtry to beſpeak their countenance for its paſſage through the Houſe; but I hear they met with but a cold reception, and were given to underſtand that the Government had little encouragement to extend its favours to America, conſidering the returns that had been made to the unexampled lenity that had been ſhown them the laſt year in the affair of the Stamps; alluding to the conduct of New York, in refuſing to comply with the act of Parliament reſpecting the quartering ſoldiers, &c. In ſhort, the Miniſtry threw cold water upon the propoſal for the preſent; and whether the merchants will renew their application, I know not, being themſelves much diſobliged at a petition from the New York merchants, complaining of the arrangements lately made in the American trade, about which thoſe in England had laboured indefatigably, and with the beſt intentions in the world, to do them real ſervices.

"The addreſs of the New York Aſſembly to their Governour has made a great noiſe and diſturbance throughout this kingdom, in all companies and converſations; inſomuch that it is generally ſaid they are in a ſtate of rebellion, and are endeavouring to throw off their dependence, &c. I hear the Miniſtry are in great and deep concern about it. Moſt people are of opinion they will certainly enforce the execution of the act of Parliament, and to that end will ſend over troops, ſhips, &c. the conſequences of which I moſt ſincerely dread in every light in which they can be viewed, either as an infringement of the liberties of the people, or, in the caſe of reſiſtance, for the miſeries ſuch a conduct muſt neceſſarily be productive of. It is ſaid the Miniſtry wait the arrival of Lord Chatham from Bath, where he has been long detained by the gout, in order to take a final reſolution with regard to this matter, and to concert meaſures for the execution. God grant they may be favourable to the colonies. Our province, I ſhould tell you, has acquired reputation with the Miniſtry for their behaviour upon this occaſion, and I hope they will continue to deſerve it upon all future ones, that do not ſo immediately ſtrike at fundamentals, as the Stamp Act did; and yet ſo infatuated are the people here as to make no diſtinction between one colony and another, but to involve the whole continent in the miſcarriage of one very ſmall part of it."

Extract of a letter from London, February 14.

"At preſent I have very little to ſay with reſpect to news; for though the Parliament hath been aſſembled a great while, yet they have hardly done any publick buſineſs, Lord Chatham being ſtill confined to Bath by his illneſs. Charles Townſend, it is ſaid, has given a great Miniſter ſuch offence that it is imagined he will be ſoon diſplaced, and ſucceeded by Lord North, as Chancellor of the Exchequer; but there is no ſpeaking poſitively of theſe matters, every thing being at preſent at a full ſtop, until Lord Chatham's return from Bath, which has been daily expected for this month paſt. The land tax bill, which commonly was paſſed on their firſt aſſembling, is not yet brought in, but it is thought will be voted next Wedneſday, whether he comes or not. The affairs of the Eaſt India Company alſo remain unſettled with the Government. The queſtion is whether the territory ceded to the Company in India ſhall be deemed their property, or that of the Crown; or whether they ſhall pay an annual revenue in lieu of that, and of the charges the Government have incurred in defending their ſettlements. In the mean time, their ſtock hath riſen, within theſe twelve months, from 170 to 240.

"Taxing the colonies, in ſome ſhape or other, begins again to be talked of; but I hope, and believe, without foundation. Probably this may have been occaſioned by ſomewhat Charles Townſend threw out one day in the Houſe of Commons to that purpoſe, for I think nothing of this nature will be ſoon attempted. The Aſſembly of New York refuſing to comply with the act regarding the quartering ſoldiers ſeems to give ſome alarm, as if it indicated a throwing off their dependence on the Mother Country. I am really ſorry for theſe repeated miſunderſtandings, of which I ſee no end. This act, however, which was made only for two years, expires next month, when, perhaps, it may be revived in a leſs exceptionable way. I wiſh things, in general, were put upon a more ſolid and permanent footing between us; for I am certain a continuance of theſe ſquabbles will tend to the advantage of neither ſide, but muſt be very agreeable to our common enemies, who will, in due time, find their account in it.

"A very reſpectable fleet is now fitting out in our ports, the deſtination of which is variouſly talked of. Some think it is intended to bring the Portugueſe to reaſon, in reſpect to our trade with them; ſome ſay to enforce the payment of the Manila ranſom, from the Spaniards; ſome, to defend our Newfoundland fiſhery from the encroachments of the French; and ſome, to overawe the colonies, and to maintain the ſupremacy of Britain over them. Perhaps it may have ſome regard to all theſe ſervices, but this time only can diſcloſe."

Extract of another letter from London, *dated alſo* Feb. 14.

"The miſchiefs ariſing from the frequent changes in the Miniſtry are too obvious to require a recital of them. It has for ſome time paſt been generally hoped and believed that the preſent Adminiſtration would be more permanent than the former, but now we have reaſon to fear immediate and great changes. The reaſons which are hinted, as likely to occaſion them, are, That Lord Chatham's frequent and long indiſpoſitions render him often incapable of buſineſs; and his great influence, when he recovers his health, enables him to overthrow any meaſures entered into while he is ill, which occaſions great delay in Parliamentary affairs. This, it is ſaid, will render his removal neceſſary; and, ſhould that happen, very conſiderable alterations will enſue. Some imagine the Duke of Bedford's and Grenville's parties will be re-admitted."

Extract of a letter from Falmouth, *dated* Feb. 18, 1767.

"We have now nothing doing in the way of entering and clearing out of goods from Portugal, &c. for your parts, as I preſume you are furniſhed with them (ſay wines) by a ſhorter method. I am informed, by pretty good intelligence, that it was very lately upon the carpet above to ſend out Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to North America, charged with the ſame powers and authority over all the North American colonies as the Commiſſioners at home are, which was in a manner agreed on; but whether the arrangement may take place is quite uncertain, as the Miniſtry is ſo unſettled and fluctuating that what one ſet of Miniſters adopt as ſyſtems proper to be purſued, the next overturn and deſtroy entirely, and fix on another, either ſuch as they deem more beneficial to the whole, or elſe ſuch as are more agreeable to their own humour."

On Friday the 10th inſtant departed this life, at Annapolis, after a ſhort illneſs, greatly regretted, JONAS GREEN, Eſq; printer to the province of Maryland, and publiſher of the Maryland gazette, for upwards of twenty one years paſt. His ſon, we hear, ſucceeds him in his buſineſs.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 7.

Arrived in James river the Polly, Woodford, and in Rappahannock river the Britannia, Livingſton, both from London; from Whitehaven, in James river, the Neptune, Eilbeck.

By a Gentleman from North Carolina, we are informed that on the 16th of this inſtant his Excellency Lord Charles Greville Montague, Governour of South Carolina, his Excellency William Tryon, Eſq; Governour of North Carolina, and the Hon. J. Stewart, Eſq; Superintendent of Indian affairs for the Southern Department, are to hold a congreſs at Saliſbury, in North Carolina, with the Cherokees, in order to ſettle a boundary line with that nation; a matter that ſeems very intereſting to the frontiers of the ſouthern colonies, as many acts of violence have been lately committed by that nation for want of proper reſtrictions as to their hunting grounds.

Yesterday the following criminals received sentence of death, viz.

Stephen Buttler, from Isle of Wight, for horse stealing.
James Shaw, from Augusta, for a rape.
James Watson, from Norfolk, for felony.
Martha Sharp, from Chesterfield, for child murder.

Entered in the district of Accomack.

April 15. John and Betsey, William B. Bunting, from Philadelphia, with 2 boxes of European goods, 1 hhd. of molosses, 1 barrel of brown sugar, 1 hhd. of rum, 1 barrel of loaf sugar, 2 boxes of marble, and 1 still and worm.

15. Mary Anne, Robert Maclean, from Philadelphia, with 1 barrel and 1 bag of nails, and 1 hhd. of rum.

20. Dolphin, Shadrach Marchant, from New York, in ballast.

20. Jenny and Sally, Hugh Peebles, from Philadelphia, with 3 hhds. of molosses, 1 barrel of loaf sugar, and a parcel of loose loaves, 4 mill saws, 2 looking glasses, 2 saddles, and 650 dollars.

20. Lovely Molly, John Theobald, from Pensacola, in ballast.

25. Old Plantation, Laban Pettit, from South Carolina, in ballast.

Cleared.

April 13. Prosperous, William Prichard, for Boston, with 2200 bushels of corn, 420 bushels of wheat, 12 bushels and a half of pease, 8500 barrel staves, 1 barrel of bacon, 6 bags of feathers, 1 trunk of European goods, and 3 barrels and 1 box of tobacco here manufactured.

18. Little Betsey, Zephaniah Brown, for Rhode Island, with 1400 bushels of corn, 260 bushels of wheat, 40 bushels of pease, 4 bags of feathers, and 12 house and 2 riding chairs.

20. Salvina, Nathaniel Ellis, for Boston, with 4 barrels of sugar, 1400 bushels of corn, 190 bushels of wheat, 5000 barrel staves, and 5 barrels and 1 tierce of rice.

29. Old Plantation, Laban Pettit, for Philadelphia, with 1200 bushels of oats.

Advertisements.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 5, 1767.

THE Attornies for KNOX's assignees, and myself, having, by an order of the Honourable the General Court, appointed several Gentlemen of *Fredericksburg* to audit, settle, and state the accounts of the debtors and creditors of the said *Knox*: I take this method to inform my clients that the auditors, Mr. *Wayles*, and myself, will attend at *Fredericksburg* on the 22d day of *June*, and all that week, to settle the account of every person who shall be willing to abide by the said order.

JAMES MERCER.

Williamsburg, May 7, 1767.

THE subscriber is in want of a CURRIER, and will give great wages for a good workman.

2 WILLIAM PEARSON.

A YOUNG Man, who understands BOOK KEEPING and MERCHANTS ACCOUNTS, writes a tolerable hand, and can have an undeniable character, will be glad of employ in a counting house or store, on moderate terms. He has no objection to go first or last to any colony, as he has been in several places of the continent, and is well acquainted with the *West Indies*. Any person in want of such a one may apply to Mess. *Aitchison* and *Parker*, in *Norfolk*. 1

SOUTHAMPTON, *May* 6, 1767.

THE subscriber has near 200 hhds. of TOBACCO in the several warehouses on the south side of *James* river, from *Petersburg* to *Milner's*, to dispose of, for cash or good bills of exchange.

THOMAS WILLIAMSON.

FALMOUTH, *April* 21, 1767.

I INTEND to leave the colony soon. All persons who dealt with me in *Fauquier* county are desired to pay their balances to Mess. *Woodrow* and *Neilson* at *Falmouth*, for whom I acted.

WILLIAM LOVE.

To be SOLD *on the premises, on* Thursday *the* 18*th of* June,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 2200 acres, known by the name of *The Brick House Tract*, lying on *Fleet's* bay, in the county of *Lancaster*. The land is level, has a good soil for any grain or tobacco, well watered and timbered, especially with oak, of which there is a vast quantity fit for staves or ship building. There are several plantations in good order for cropping, with all convenient buildings, a good grist mill, and navigation for small craft to several parts of the land. An indisputable title will be made the purchaser.

CHARLES CARTER.

ON *Monday* the 24th of *August* next, the tract of LAND in *Culpeper* county, called *Mount Poney*, formerly advertised in this paper, will be sold in LOTS, at the house of *Frederick Zimmerman*, on the premises ——— Note, all persons that have any demands against the subscriber are desired to send in their accounts to *Joseph Jones*, Esq; of *Spotsylvania*, one of the trustees appointed by act of Assembly to dispose of my lands, and whom I have empowered to settle all my affairs, and dispose of such other part of my estate as he shall think fit for the discharge of my just debts. This method I have taken to satisfy those to whom I am indebted that I intend to pay their balances as soon as the money can possibly be raised, either by the sale of Land or Negroes.

CHARLES CARTER.

TWO small BOXES, N° 1 & 2, marked $\frac{M}{NEB}$, with a crow's foot at the bottom of the E, were lodged at *Burwell's* ferry about 3 months ago, which the owner may have on paying storage, and the charge of advertising. MATTHEW MOODY, Jun.

CUMBERLAND, *April* 27, 1767.

SAMUEL JONES, late of the county of *Halifax*, deceased, in his lifetime, for securing the payment of a sum of money due to me from him, did convey to me one Mulatto man servant, named *Richard Pendergast*, to serve according to indenture, one gray horse, branded W on the near shoulder, and B on the near buttock, one sleabitten horse, branded S on the near buttock, all his stock of cattle and hogs, three feather beds and furniture, one desk, a table, and all his household furniture; also the profits of the several slaves, under bills of sale or mortgage, *viz. Michael*, a boy in the hands of *Joseph Carrington*; five Negroes, *viz. Gambo, Bridget, Sall, Neil*, and *Eddy*, by bill of sale to *Thomas Robinson, Cupid*, a Negro man, to *Thomas Dobbins*, and *Cæsar*, a Negro man, to *Charles M'Kinny*. I hereby forewarn all persons from buying any of the said estate, as a sale thereof will not be good, unless I am paid the money the said *Jones* owed me. 1 GIDEON PATTESON.

To be SOLD, *before Mrs.* Cowly's *door, in* Richmond *town, on* Monday *the* 1*st of* June *next*,

A Parcel of choice NEGROES, a DISTILLERY, with all the apparatus, and a valuable LEASE of LAND and HOUSES. Six months credit will be allowed, the purchasers giving bond and security to

4 JOHN HYLTON, } Administrators of
JAMES BALFOUR, } *Phil. Watson*, dec.

At the next June *Fair in* Fredericksburg, *will be* SOLD,

A GOOD assortment of *European* and other MERCHANDISES, about 250 l. sterling value, in two lots, late the property of Mr. *William Scott*, deceased, and the subscriber in partnership.

JOHN MITCHELL.

To be SOLD *by the subscriber, at publick vendue, on* Wednesday *the* 13*th instant, at the Ropery in the borough of* Norfolk, *pursuant to an order of the Honourable the General Court*,

ALL the stock of Mr. *John Hunter*, in partnership with *James Campbell, Robert Tucker, William Aitchison, Archibald Campbell*, and *James Parker*. At any time before the sale the articles of copartnership, and state of the concern, may be seen, by applying to *James Campbell*. 1 JAMES GILGHRIST.

To be SOLD,

THE fee simple estate in a tract of LAND in *King* and *Queen* county, known by the name of *Pendeley*, the reversion of which was lately advertised for sale by Mr. *William Tunstall*. The land lies upon *Mattapony* river, where the same is navigable for vessels of 100 hhds. burthen. There is a large new brick house upon it, which may be finished at a small expense, with all necessary out houses, and a valuable orchard of the best fruit trees. The high land is level and good, the situation high, pleasant, and healthy, and the sunken grounds and marshes capable of great improvement, and at present afford plenty of hay. Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscribers, in *King* and *Queen*.

RICHARD TUNSTALL.
6 JOHN SEMPLE.

To be SOLD *to the highest bidder, on* Monday *the* 15*th of* JUNE *next, at* Dinwiddie *court, being court day*,

A TRACT of LAND in said county, adjoining the plantation of *George Pentecost*, on *Matchapponock* creek, containing 195 acres. There is a small corn field cleared on the land, with some convenient houses, and an apple orchard. Seven pounds of the money to be paid at the day of sale, and twelve months credit for the remainder, the purchaser giving bond and good security. A good title will be made, by

ARCHIBALD M'ROBERT.

To be RENTED *for a term of years, and entered on at* Christmas,

A PLANTATION on *Great Wicomico* river, in *Northumberland*, containing about 400 acres; whereon is a good new dwelling-house, with two fire rooms and a passage below, and two closets and two fire rooms above, a good cellar under the house, a kitchen, and all other necessary out-houses; also an old dwelling-house, with several rooms, a good apple orchard, the whole in good order for cropping, within two miles of church and warehouse, and very convenient for fishing and oystering. Also another PLANTATION, lying on *Dividing* creek, containing upwards of 100 acres, whereon is a dwelling-house, with two rooms below and two above, a good new tobacco house 40 by 36, a quarter, and two corn houses, all enclosed under a good fence. Whoever inclines to rent either of the above plantations is desired to apply early, before it is too late to agree with overseers for the ensuing year. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, in *Accomack* county, or to Mr. *David Boyd*, Attorney at Law, in *Northumberland*.

WALTER JAMESON.

THE ship *Nautilus*, JOHN BOYES commander, now lying in *York* river, *Mattapony*, will take in tobacco, on liberty of consignment, at Eight Pounds sterling a ton. Any persons inclining to ship are desired to apply to the Captain, who will attend all convenient county courts, or to BENJAMIN WALLER, Esq; in *Williamsburg*. The said ship will sail in *August*, without fail.

To be SOLD,

THE ORDINARY and Tract of LAND whereon *William Gwyn* lived, in *Brunswick* county, containing about 200 acres of good corn land, whereon is a dwelling-house 28 by 16, a smokehouse, dairy, kitchen, 20,000 corn hills cleared and fenced, and a pasture and stable; it is about 50 miles from *Petersburg*, in the fork of the publick road leading to *Ingram's* and *Pennington's* ferries, on *Meherrin* river, and *Eaton's*, *Black's*, *Fox's*, and *Taylor's* ferries, on *Roanoke*, and well known to be one of the best situations up the country for an ordinary. Also another tract of land, containing about 254 acres of good corn land, contiguous to the above. Terms may be known by applying to *William Gwyn*, in *Blandford*, or to

EDMUNDS & ROSE.

Brunswick, April 30, 1767.

KING WILLIAM, *April* 29, 1767.

RUN away from the subscriber, on *Monday* the 20th of this instant, a Mulatto slave, named DAVID GRATENREAD; he is an arch fellow, very well known by most people, plays the fiddle extremely well, has a wide mouth, a little piece bit out of one of his ears, has a large bump upon one of his shins, about 37 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and may perhaps change his name, and pretend to pass as a free man; he carried with him a new brown cloth waistcoat, lappelled, lined with white taminy, and yellow gilt buttons, a new pair of buckskin breeches, gold laced hat, a fine *Holland* shirt, brown cut wig, and several old clothes that I cannot remember, except an old lappelled kersey waistcoat. I believe he has carried his fiddle with him. He may endeavour to get on board some vessel, and make his escape out of the colony; I therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, or others, from harbouring him. Whoever apprehends the said runaway, and brings him to me, or commits him to any gaol, so that I get him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward if taken in this colony, if out thereof TEN POUNDS.

2 RICHARD KING.

APRIL 20, 1767.

STOLEN from *Brunswick* court-house, on *Thursday* the 16th of this instant, a very likely light gray horse, somewhat lighter in the face than any other part, about 4 feet 9 inches high, 5 years old this spring, paces a good riding gate, gallops well, has a switch tail and thin mane, the mane hanging to the right side, a scar on the right side just behind the shoulder, and near the girth, though not perceivable without parting the hair; had on when taken away a very good *Virginia* made saddle, with one stirrup iron with three bars, the other a plain single one, a blue check saddle cloth bound with black cloth, and a very good horse skin snaffle bridle. Whoever brings the said horse to Capt *William Edwards*, or to Capt. *Thomas Simmons*, in *Brunswick* county, near the lower *Cutbank* bridge, or to *James Harrison* in *Dinwiddie*, so that I get him again, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and on conviction of the thief FIVE POUNDS. JAMES HARRISON.

MAY 4, 1767.

TAKEN up, in *North Carolina*, and committed to the publick gaol of *Halifax*, the 18th of *January*, a Negro man, about 30 years old, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, much marked with the smallpox, of a yellow complexion, says he belongs to Mr. *William Champe*, in *King George* county, on *Rappahannock* river, that he was born in the *West Indies*, and bred up to the water. Also committed, the 27th of *April*, an outlandish Negro man who calls himself CUFFEY, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, says he belongs to Col. *Lewis Burwell*, and that he ran away from his quarter in *Mecklenburg, Virginia*. The owners may have them, on proving their property, and paying charges. 1

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, two white barrows, with long tails, marked with a swallow fork in the left ear, and the right trimmed to a fox ear; posted, and appraised to 40 s.

SILVANUS STOKES.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a black horse, with a hanging mane and switch tail, about 4 feet 7 inches high, shod before, his hair much rubbed off both sides, and branded on the near buttock and shoulder C—C.

WILLIAM WINSTON.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a small black mare, with a blaze in the upper part of her face, a gray mane and tail, her tail appears to have been bobbed some time ago, and branded on the near buttock ·. Also a young black mare, about two years old this spring, with some white hairs in her face, had a small bell on, dockt, but not branded. JOHN LATIMER.

TAKEN up, in *Buckingham*, a sorrel horse, about 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with a star in his forehead, a snip on his nose, the off hind foot white, a white stroke on his fore leg, some saddle spots, and branded on the near shoulder and both buttocks R; posted, and appraised to 5 l. THOMAS COLEMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Stafford*, a black horse, about 4 feet 1 inch high, with some white hairs in his forehead, one white foot, dockt short, branded on the shoulder IM, and on the buttock I; posted, and appraised to 4 l.

MARGARET PRIM.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a red brindled ſteer, marked with a crop and half-moon under and over in the right ear, and half-moon under the left, and was 3 years old laſt ſpring; poſted, and appraiſed to 35 s.

JOHN BOASMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a middle ſized dark bay mare, with a roached mane and ſprig tail, has ſome white hairs in her forehead, ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, natural pacer, had on a bell, branded on the near ſhoulder O and buttock O; poſted, and appraiſed to 7 l.

MUMFORD DEJARNATT.

TAKEN up, in *Lunenburg*, a bright bay mare, about 4 feet 5 inches and a half high, with a ſtar in her forehead, one hind foot white, paces a little, and branded on the near buttock IG; poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l.

WILLIAM ALLEN.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 29, 1767.

TO countenance and promote the ſcheme for raiſing a fund for the relief of the widows and orphans of poor Clergymen, on *Saturday* laſt met at the College the Treaſurer, *three* Truſtees, the Preacher, and *no* other ſubſcribers. On the day following a ſermon ſuitable to the occaſion was preached by the Reverend *James Maury Fontaine*; and a collection was made at the church doors, amounting to 22 l. 7 s. 7 d. halfpeny. The meeting beg leave to return their ſincere thanks to the contributors to the ſaid collection, and alſo to a perſon, who deſires to be unknown, for 3 l. delivered into their hands by Mr. *Fontaine*. On *Monday* the ſum of 42 l. was ordered to be divided among ſix widows, and ſeveral orphans. The Rev. Meſſ. *Joſeph Tickell*, *William Peaſely*, *Jonathan Boucher*, *Richard Hewitt*, *James Maury*, and *Archibald M'Roberts*, were appointed Truſtees; the Rev. *Henry Skyring* Preacher; and *John Camm* Treaſurer; for the enſuing year.

By order of the Meeting.

JOHN CAMM.

MORATICO HALL, *April* 28, 1767.

AS I purpoſe to remove out of this colony towards the latter end of next ſummer (or ſooner, if I can make a ſatisfactory ſettlement with my creditors, and collect my own debts) I take this method to let the publick know that on the firſt *Monday* in *January* next (if fair, otherwiſe next fair day, and to continue until all are ſold) will be put for ſale ſix ſmall plantations in the county of *Richmond*, each paying an annual rent; 1000 acres of land in the county of *Prince William*, on which is one tenant, the land very convenient, as it is not above 16 miles from *Acquia* and *Dumfries* warehouſes; 30 or more valuable ſlaves, a very large ſtock of cattle, ſheep, hogs, and horſes, ſome of which are blooded, the furniture of my dwelling-houſe and kitchen, with the crop of corn, wheat, barley, oats, and rie, of 20 hands; the plantation whereon I now live to be rented for 4 years, and entered on the 1ſt day of *January*. Credit will be allowed for one half the purchaſe money until the 10th of *April*, and for the other part until the 10th of *October* 1768. Bond and good ſecurity will be required.

JOHN TARPLEY.

To be SOLD, *on the premiſes, on* Saturday *the 23d of this inſtant* (May)

A TRACT of LAND,

in *Amelia* county, whereon *Samuel Tarry*, Eſq; lived, containing upwards of 500 acres. There are convenient houſes of all kinds on it, and good orchards, convenient to church, court, and mill, and not more than 36 miles from three different warehouſes on *James* river. Credit will be allowed as can be agreed on at the day of ſale, the purchaſer giving bond and ſecurity to

PETER JOHNSTON.
THOMAS YUILLE.

WHEREAS JAMES PARKE, Mate of the ſhip *Hanbury*, now lying in *Mattapony* river, run away from the ſaid ſhip the 5th of *March* laſt, and refuſes to return to his duty, all perſons are hereby forewarned from harbouring or entertaining the ſaid runaway, otherwiſe they will be proceeded againſt according to law.

April 28, 1767. JAMES ESTEN.

To be SOLD, *for ready money*,

A VALUABLE young NEGRO FELLOW, who has been brought up to all kinds of houſe work, garden, and ſtable, has waited on a Gentleman abroad, is of a right ſize for a waiting man, and naturally very active. For terms apply to Mr. *Robert Hart* in *Hanover* town, or *Duncan Graham* in *Caroline* county.

To be SOLD, *at the lower fork of* Meherrin *river*,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing 645 acres, bounded as follows: Beginning at the mouth of *Muddy* creek, in *Lunenburg* county, thence up the main river three quarters of a mile to the main fork, thence up the *South* river half a mile, thence acroſs, including the *North* river, and in the fork one mile; with a large plantation in order for cropping, a dwelling-houſe, two new barns, and a good range, within 65 miles of *Peterſburg*, and will be ſold on good terms. Credit will be allowed for beſt part of the money.——Alſo to be ſold, a tract of land in *Mecklenburg* county, containing 543 acres, all wood land, lies in a fine place for range, on *Blue Stone* creek, is a very good ſoil, and convenient to make two plantations thereon. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid land may apply to me in *Lunenburg* county, at the fork of *Meherrin* river.

MATTHEW HAY.

To be SOLD, *on reaſonable terms*,

A TRACT of very good Land, in *Charlotte* county, whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, well ſituated, with valuable buildings thereon. The quality of the land and terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes, Mr. *John Fiſher*, merchant at *Oſborne's* warehouſe, or *Paul Carrington*, Attorney at Law.

JAMES TAYLOR.

TAKEN up, in *Goochland*, a dark bay mare, about 4 years old, 4 feet 2 inches high, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, but no brand perceivable; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

WILLIAM BARKER.

TAKEN up, in *Loudoun*, a ſmall gray horſe, with a long ſwitch tail, hath been formerly cured of a pole evil, had a large bell on, branded on the off buttock I, and on the off ſhoulder H.

JAMES METCALFE.

TAKEN up, in *Loudoun*, a young ſorrel mare, a natural trotter, not dockt, and branded on the near buttock LA; poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l.

THOMAS MAWBWRY.

TAKEN up, in *Loudoun*, a brindled cow, marked with a crop and underkeel in the right ear, and a ſlit and underkeel, or ſwallow fork, in the left.

JOHN BERKLEY.

BEING greatly preſſed by many of my creditors, and not finding it convenient to make a full payment to any in particular, as that preference might occaſion a clamour amongſt the reſt, I hereby ſignify my deſign of diſcharging a third part of every debt in the *June* Court of OVER, to ſuch as will conſent to receive another third the *October* following, and the laſt payment in the ſucceeding *June*. As I am well convinced I have this entirely in my power, of which any concerned may be fully ſatisfied by applying to me, I ſhall eſteem it a favour if ſuch, to whom theſe terms are agreeable, will as ſoon as poſſible ſignify the ſame to Mr. *Jerman Baker* in *Williamſburg*, and lodge their claims with him, being myſelf neceſſarily abſent in attending my copper mine until then. WILLIAM KENNON.

For SALE,

A TRACT of 3000 acres of LAND, in the county of ALBEMARLE, on the three forks of *Pretty*'s creek, on which is a great deal of very valuable low ground, and as much cleared (with houſes and proper improvements) as is ſufficient for fifteen working hands. The plantations thereon produce very good crops of tobacco and corn, and fine ſtocks of cattle and hogs; the price is 900 l. Alſo a tract of 1500 acres of good land, on the *Hedgeman* river, in *Culpeper* county, running three miles on the river, and affords a good deal of low ground, both high and low ground very good; the price is 500 l. Alſo a valuable tract of 400 acres, in *Culpeper* county, very rich and level, where *Col. Gabriel Jones* lately lived, having ſeveral valuable houſes and improvements thereon, now in the tenure of Mr. *Laurence Slaughter*, and about 30 miles diſtant from *Frederickſburg*; the price is 300 l. Alſo my tavern at *Culpeper* court-houſe, in *Fairfax* town, being a large new commodious houſe, with convenient out-houſes, ſtable, garden, and all proper improvements, and has vaſt cuſtom, vending 300 pounds worth of liquors original coſt in a year, the rent of which is worth 60 l. a year; the price is 300 l. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above tracts of land, or tavern, will find either of them a good bargain, and worth their while to apply to me, at *Frederickſburg*.

6 ROGER DIXON.

N. B. The lots and houſes in the tenure of Mr. *James Hume*, in the moſt pleaſant ſituation on the main ſtreet in *Frederickſburg* (before advertiſed by me) are ſtill to be ſold, or let for a term of years, on very reaſonable conditions, in order to ſatisfy ſome debts I am liable for as ſecurity for the ſaid *James Hume*. R. D.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 7, 1767.

WHEREAS a premium of FIFTY POUNDS was offered by the Committee for encouraging Arts and Manufactures to any perſon who ſhould in the year 1765 produce the greateſt quantity of well dreſſed HEMP, not leſs than ten tuns, and alſo one of TWENTY FIVE POUNDS in the ſame year for the next largeſt quantity, not leſs than five tuns; and no perſon having claimed either of the ſaid premiums, it is

Reſolved, By the ſaid Committee, that the ſaid premiums be continued for the years 1767 and 1768.

Reſolved, That the perſons claiming any of the above mentioned premiums ſhall carry a ſample of their hemp, not leſs than one pound weight, to the Court of the county in which they reſide, and make affidavit before the Court of the quantity of hemp by them made, and produce a certificate, under the hand and ſeal of the Clerk, of ſuch affidavit; and the Court ſhall appoint two freeholders of the county to inſpect the ſaid hemp; and the perſons claiming the premium ſhall produce a certificate, under their hands and ſeals, that the whole quantity of hemp, made as aforeſaid, is as good in its quality, and as well manufactured, as the ſample produced to the Court, which is to be ſent, with the certificates, to this Committee for their determination. JAMES BLAIR, Clerk.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a black mare, about 4 feet 4 inches high, about 6 years old, with a blaze in her forehead, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near ſhoulder MD; poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l. 10 s.

JOHN FROST.

To be SOLD,

A FORGE, and geared GRIST MILL, both well fixed, and ſituated on a plentiful and conſtant ſtream, near *Todd*'s warehouſe, in *King* and *Queen* county, with ſeveral SLAVES uſed to work there, as ſmiths, hammermen, and colliers, and well acquainted with the buſineſs; alſo two valuable blackſmiths, and about 2000 acres of land, adjoining or near the forge. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to me, in *King William* county. Tf BERNARD MOORE.

To be SOLD,

A NEW SHIP, now lying at *Suffolk* wharf, burthen about 350 hogſheads of tobacco, well built with the beſt white oak timber and plank. The purchaſer may have long credit for part of the money. Any perſon in want may apply to Mr. *John Driver* at *Suffolk*, or to *George Walker*, Jun. in *Elizabeth City*. Tf

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TAKEN up, in *Amherſt*, an old white horſe, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſhod before, had on a ſmall bell, and branded on the near buttock CR; poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l.

ROBERT CHRISTIAN.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a pied brindled cow, pretty old, marked with two ſmooth crops only; alſo a black pied heifer, about two years old, unmarked. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l 5 s.

JOHN LYNCH.

To be RENTED, *for one year, or any number of years*,

A Commodious ſtorehouſe, with a counting room, lumber houſe, and ſtable, all new, ſituated upon *Machadack* creek, where the warehouſes are erected, upon as good navigation as any in the country, and in a fine neighbourhood for the purchaſe both of corn and tobacco. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber, in *Weſtmoreland* county.

9 WILLIAM BERNARD.

To be SOLD,

FOURTEEN hundred acres of very good TOBACCO LAND, lying on *Turkey* creek, in *Hanover* county, and not above ten acres cleared in the whole tract. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to

Tf NATHANIEL W. DANDRIDGE.

To be SOLD,

A NEW SHIP, of about 236 tuns, well calculated for the TOBACCO trade, built of the beſt ſeaſoned plank and timber, and can be launched in a little time, if required. Twelve months credit will be allowed for two thirds or three fourths of the value. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may be ſhown the veſſel by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in *Kingſton* pariſh, *Glouceſter* county.

Tf THOMAS SMITH.

To be SOLD, *on twelve months credit*,

ABOUT 20,000 acres of LAND in *Amherſt* county, to which an indiſputable title will be made, and laid off in lots as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the executors of *Philip Grymes*, Eſq; deceaſed, and lives in *Amherſt* county) or to Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX, Jun.

To be SOLD, *by private ſale*,

A VERY Handſome and Convenient STOREHOUSE, on the main ſtreet in *Williamſburg*, with every advantage from its ſituation either for a merchant or tradeſman, and is in exceeding good repair, having been built but a ſhort time. The credit will be agreed on at the day of ſale, the purchaſer giving bond and ſecurity to

Tf JOHN THOMPSON, & Co.

SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY,

FOR diſpoſing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold.—— The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the water, which have been ſold, not being leſs than 20 l. which is far below a medium between that ſum and what was given for ſeveral near the water, the unſold lots are rated at 30 l. each, accounting 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, on which *Page*'s warehouſes ſtand, one lot; and 24, 35, 36, 47, 48, 49, on which *Crutchfield*'s warehouſes ſtand, one other lot only, ſo that there will be but 137 lots in the whole to be drawn for; and it is propoſed that there ſhall be no more than that number of chances, and conſequently no blanks. The conſideration money will not be required of Gentlemen willing to become adventurers, and ſubſcribing to the ſcheme, until *April* next; when it is to be paid to the proprietor at *Williamſburg*, either in caſh, or 3000 wt. of tobacco. The drawing will be ſoon after the ſubſcription ſhall be completed, of which notice ſhall be given in the *Virginia* Gazette. *Robert Carter Nicholas*, *George Wythe*, *Thomas Everard*, *John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſquires, will be managers of the lottery, or any three of them. Tf MANN PAGE.

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